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	4.	Paul is the "surviving spouse" and therefore should receive proceeds from a wrongful
	deatl	h action that now is pending in this Court.
	5.	Certain provisions of Alabama law and the Alabama Constitution prevent this result,
	how	ever.
	6.	Proceeds from a wrongful death action in Alabama must be distributed pursuant to the
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	the s	surviving spouse.

But Ala. Code § 30-1-19 ("Marriage Protection Act") and Ala. Const. Amend. No. 774

what the Sanctity Laws do: they single out same-sex marriages and deny to those marriages the same rights and dignity that Alabama affords other marriages.

Governor Bentley maintains, and has exercised, enforcement authority in connection with the Sanctity Laws. As an example, he announced in September 2013 that he would not permit the Alabama National Guard to provide benefits to same-sex spouses, despite a federal directive to do so. According to news reports, Governor Bentley stated: "When they're under my command we will obey Alabama state law." The Governor maintains an office and official residence in Montgomery. Governor Bentley is sued in his official capacity.

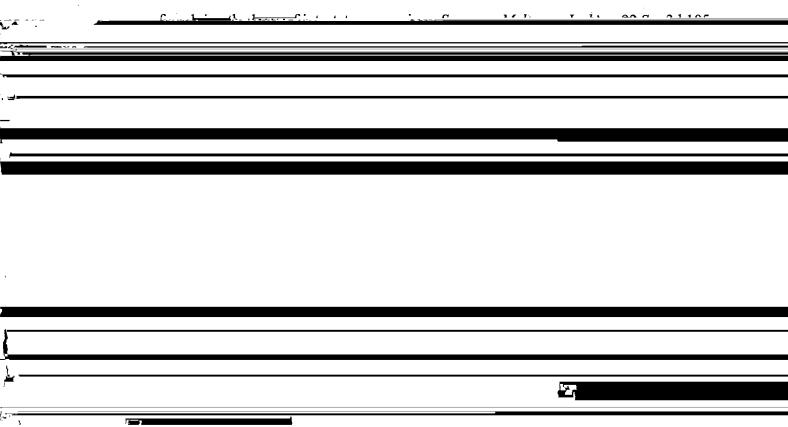
Montgomery. Governor Bentley is sued in his official capacity. Defendant Luther Johnson Strange, III is the Attorney General of the State of Alabama. 17.

States, in any case in which the state may be interested in the result." See Ala. Code § 36-15-

certificates of death, and retains the power to amend death certificates that contain errors. *See*Ala. Code §§ 22-9A-3; 22-9A-2; 22-9A-14(a); Alabama Admin. Code r. 420-7-1-17. Ms.

Donald therefore has an enforcement connection to the Sanctity Laws because she has the power to correct David Fancher's death certificate, which incorrectly indicates that David was "Never Married" at the time of his death, and that he had no surviving spouse. Ms. Donald is sued in her official capacity.

19. Steven L. Reed is the probate judge for the County of Montgomery. In Case No. 12-00288, the Probate Court of Montgomery County admitted David's will into the County record and issued Certified Letters Testamentary to Richard Lohr, II appointing him the Personal Representative of David's estate. Judge Reed has jurisdiction over certain matters related to David Fancher's estate, including the power to determine whether Paul is a surviving spouse for



	FACTUAL BACKGROUND
	21. David and Paul met on July 4th, 2004 for a first date. They became a couple soon
	thereafter. Throughout their time together, David occasionally asked Paul to marry him. Paul
	demurred at first, but Paul eventually, and enthusiastically, agreed to marry David and the couple
	was lawfully married on a heach on Cane Cod in Massachusetts on May 20-2011. A conv of
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	the marriage certificate is attached as Exhibit A.
•	22. The wedding ceremony featured a loving cup ceremony, adopted from their shared
	Scottish heritage. The cub is engraved with quotation from the Song of Solomon: "I am by
t ··	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	beloved's and my beloved is mine." The tradition is to drink from the cup on the wedding day
	and on every anniversary, each drinking three times, to the love that was, the love that is, and the
	love that will be.
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28.

The complaint in the wrongful death case pending in this Court states that defendants in

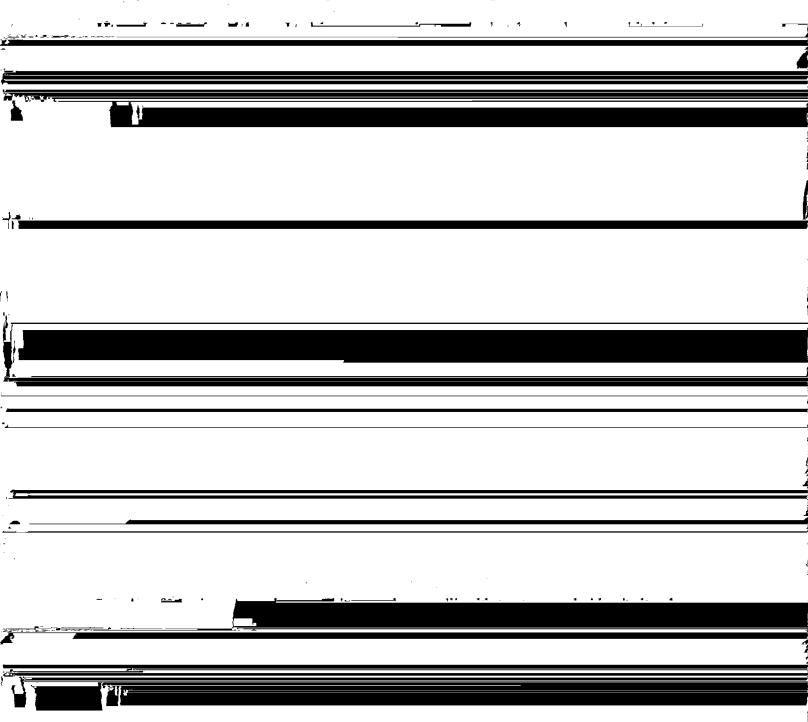
	that case, truck drivers and a shipping	company, were		
	traveling North on Interstate 65	5 in rural Autauga Cou	nty, Alabama. Defendants'	
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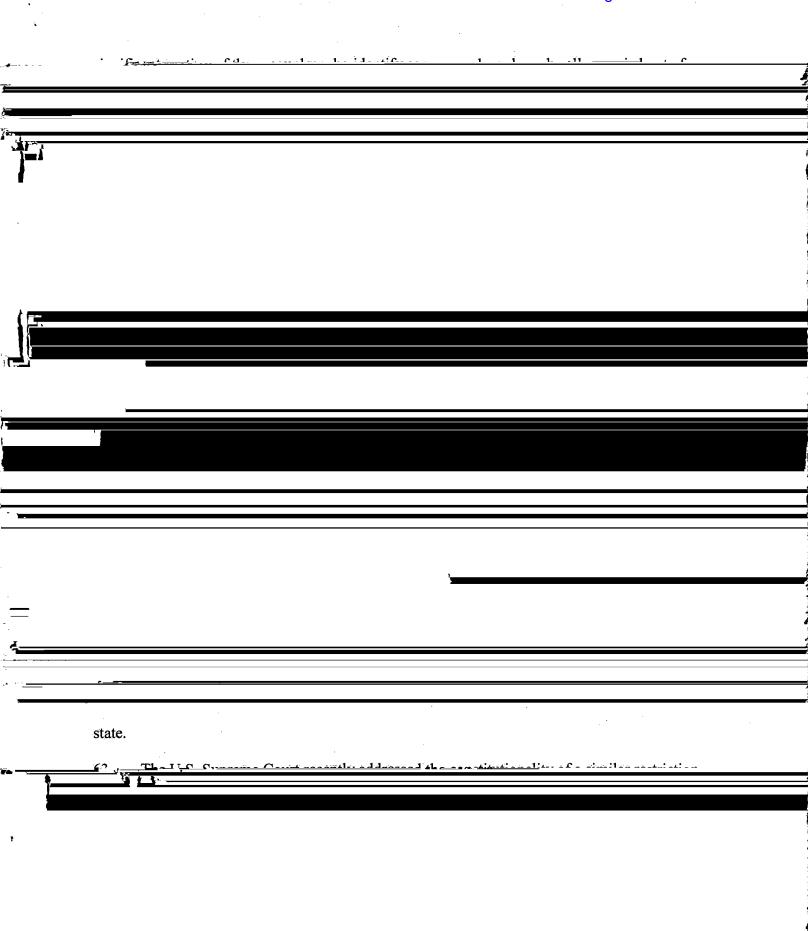
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•	the name of the "Surviving Spouse." When Paul saw the inaccurate information, he asked that it
	be changed, but the funeral director refused. A copy of the Death Certificate, signed by
	Defendant Catherine M. Danald and revistered with the State of Alchama is attached as Evhibit
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	24 An action for summerful doubling Alphano has account summer for the contract the
	34. An action for wrongful death in Alabama has several unusual features. First, the only

person who may bring an action for wrongful death is the administrator of the decedent's estate.

that no provision of the U.S. Constitution would require a different result. See Ala. Op. Att'y Gen. 2000-129 (Ala. A.G. 2000).

56. Notwithstanding the Attorney General's opinion that the Marriage Protection Act adequately protected Alabama from out-of-state same-sex unions, the legislature took additional action just years later to further safeguard Alabama from the specter of same-sex unions.





There exists an actual controversy between Plaintiff Paul Hard, on one hand, and the

	Defendants on the other,	regarding the constitution	onality of those provisio	ns of the Sanctity Laws	
	that purport to prevent re-	cognition of Paul as Da	vid's "surviving spouse"	and to prevent	
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- 68. On information and belief, the Defendants apart from Lohr contend that these provisions are consistent with the U.S. Constitution.
- 69. On information and belief, Defendant Lohr takes no position on the constitutionality of the marriage restrictions, but understands that they preclude him from recognizing Paul as a "surviving spouse" or from distributing to Paul any proceeds from the wrongful death action

	resulting from their treating out-of-state marriages of all Alabama citizens equally. Granting
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:	COUNT I
	(Declaratory and Injunctive Relief Pursuant to the Declaratory Judgment Act – Violation of Equal Protection – Fourteenth Amendment)
	74. Plaintiff incorporates all prior paragraphs.
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( <del>1)</del> ≥74	
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	81.	The Sanctity Laws are invalid for lack of any legitimate purpose that could overcome the
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	and d	lignity under law.
	<u>82</u>	The Sanctity Laws similarly harm Plaintiff and other married, same-sex couples by
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<u> </u>	tallin	g them that their otherwise valid marriages are unworthy of state recognition.
	CHIII	e mem ener enen omerwise fang marrages are antwordth or state recognition.

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	of government decree, in visible and public ways. By [their] great reach, [the Sanctity Laws]
	touch[] many aspects of married and family life, from the mundane to the profound." See
	Windsor 133 S. Ct at 7601.
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	91. The "principal purpose and the necessary effect" of the Sanctity Laws "are to demean
	those persons who are in a lawful same-sex marriage." Id. at 2695. Therefore, the Sanctity
	Laws are unconstitutional as a deprivation of the liberty of the person protected by the Due
	Process Clause under the Fourteenth Amendment.
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	as "surviving spouse," and without regard to the Marriage Protection Act or the Sanctity of Marriage Amendment;
(d)	Issue an injunction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald correct Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that Catherine M. Donald Catherine M. Donald Catherine Population pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202 that

death and that Paul Hard is his surviving spouse;

- (e) Award costs and fees as permitted by law; and
- (f) Provide such further relief as the Court deems proper.

December 16, 2013

Respectfully submitted,

Collinary of the Charles of the Continues

By: <u>Samuel</u> Wolfe

David C. Dinielli\* (California Bar No. 177904)
Samuel E Wolfe (ASB 2045 E633W)

400 Washington Avenue