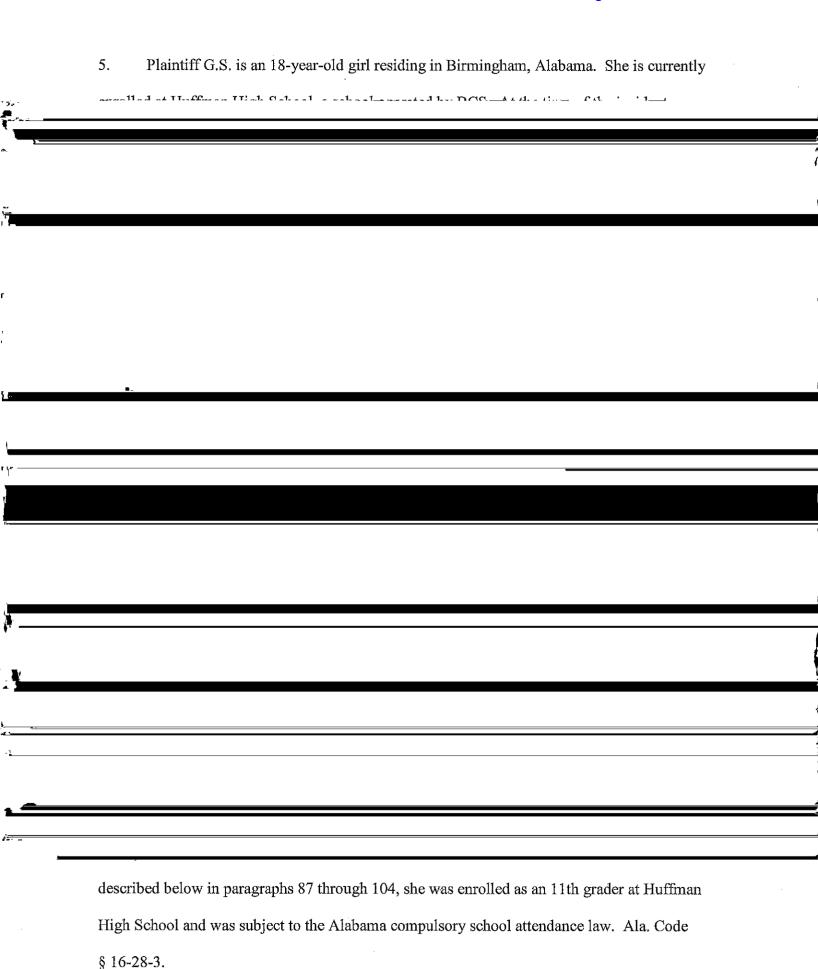
Case 2:10-cv-03314-SLB Document 20 Filed 02/14/11 Page 1 of 65

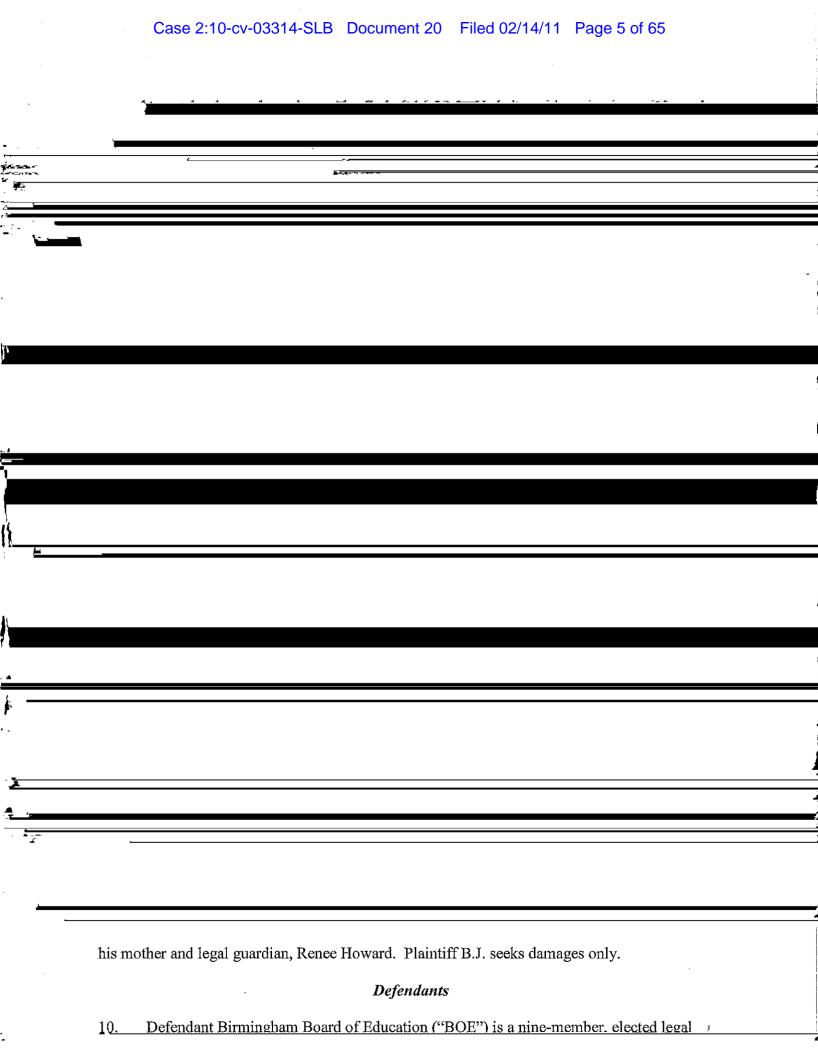
2011 Feb-14 PM 03:28 U.S. DISTRICT COURT N.D. OF ALABAMA

	public high schools, stationing police officers known as School Resource Officers ("SRO") in
	each school, arming them with chemical weapons, and authorizing them to use those weapons to
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	while attending schools. Mace is used so frequently and so indiscriminately in Birmingham's
	public high schools that each Class Representative - and all RCS students - faces a real and
<u> </u>	·
	substantial risk of future and repeated injury.
	3. Accordingly, Plaintiffs J.W., G.S., P.S., and T.L.P. bring this action on behalf of a class
	composed of all current and future students who are or will be enrolled in any high school in the
	Birmingham City School system – all of whom face, and will continue to face, a real and
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	immediate risk of reneated injury due to Defendants' unconstitutional policy practices and
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	immediate risk of reneated injury due to Defendants' unconstitutional policy practices, and



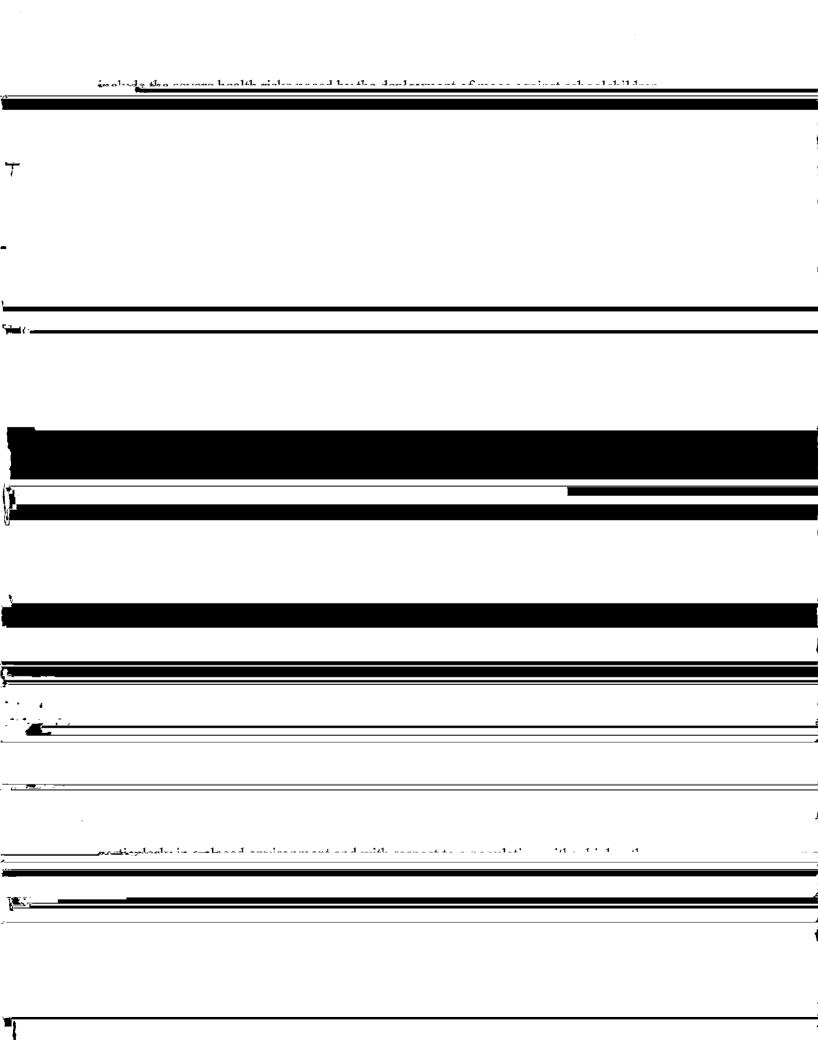
6. Plaintiff P.S. is a 16-year-old girl residing in Birmingham, Alabama. She is currently



	preservation of the peace and order of the city, the protection of all persons and property within
	the city, and the enforcement of all criminal ordinances and criminal laws of the city and the
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	Police Department. Under law, Defendant Roper is required to "direct, control and discipline all
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JURISDICTION AND VENUE

18. The federal claims in this action arise under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and 42 H S C 8 1983. Turisdiction is invoked nursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 and § 1343(a).



truancy and refer them to be prosecuted in the Jefferson County Family Court. Defendant Roper authorizes officers of the Birmingham Police Department ("BPD") to locate and pick up students accused of truancy, and return them to their respective schools.

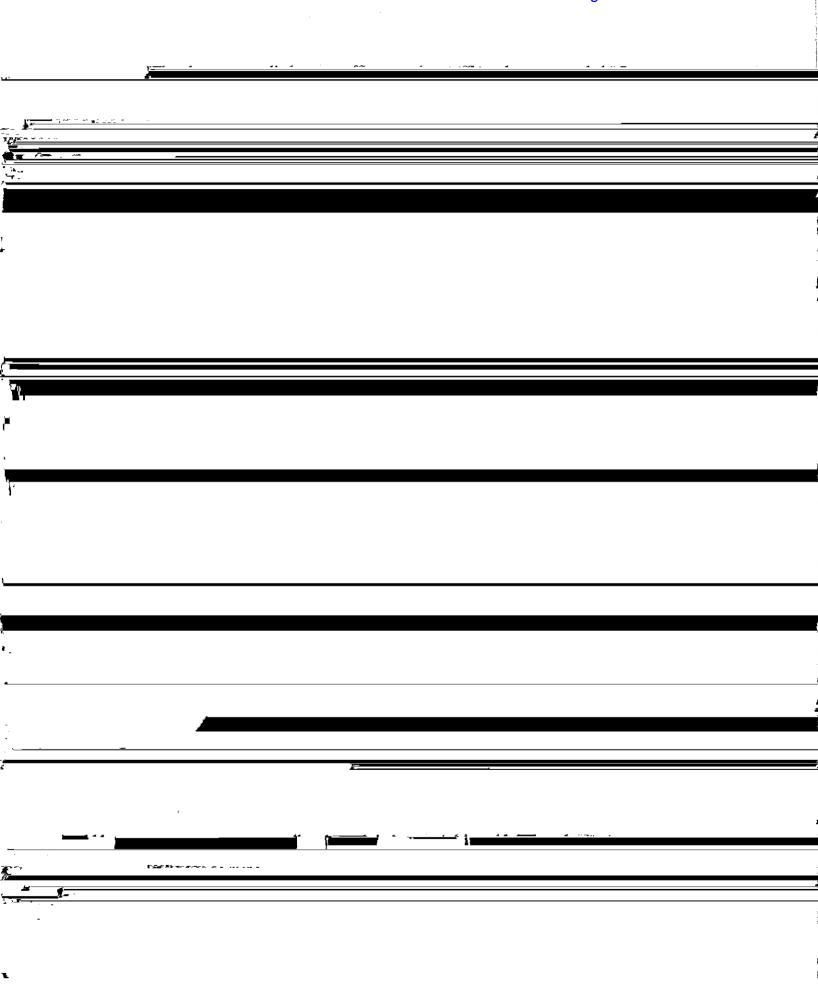
30. BPD is a municipal law enforcement agency "charged with the preservation of the peace

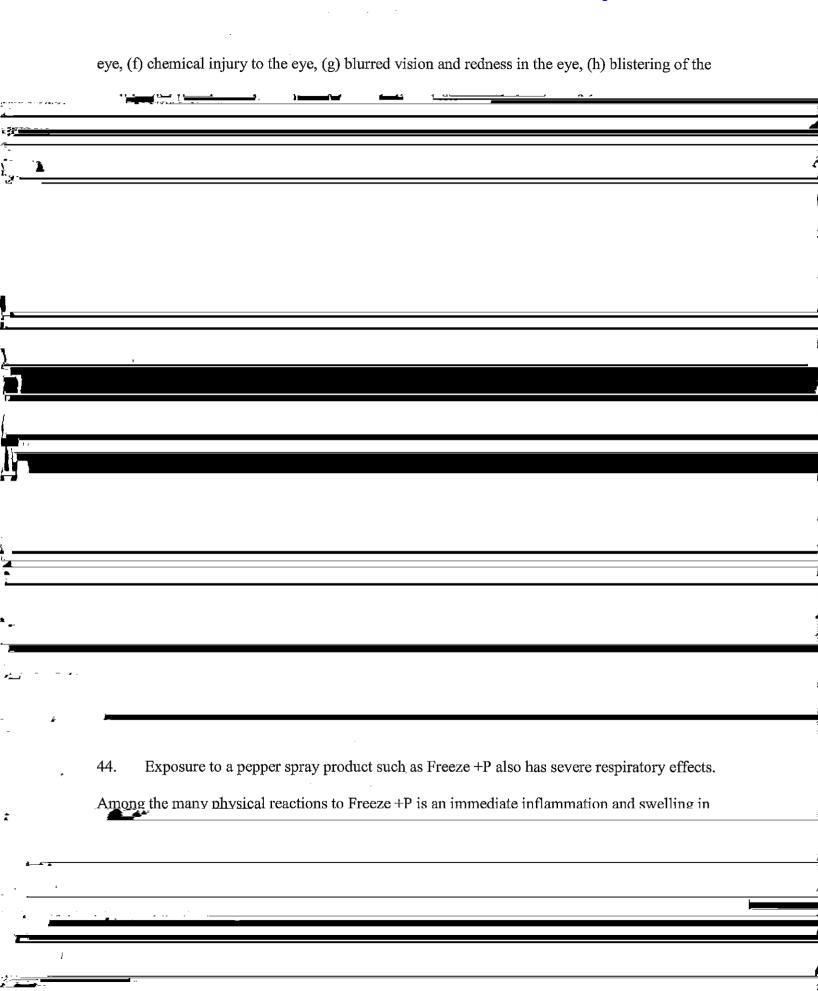
and order of [Birmingham], the protection of all persons and property of the city, and the enforcement of all criminal ordinances and all criminal laws of the city and state." General Code of the City of Birmingham, Title 9: Public Safety and Protection, Ch. 1: Police Department.

one magnet high school, and several middle schools with the formal consent and approval of

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	po lice practices, such as use of Freeze +P (a pepper spray product) and physical force, while
	engaging in school discipline.
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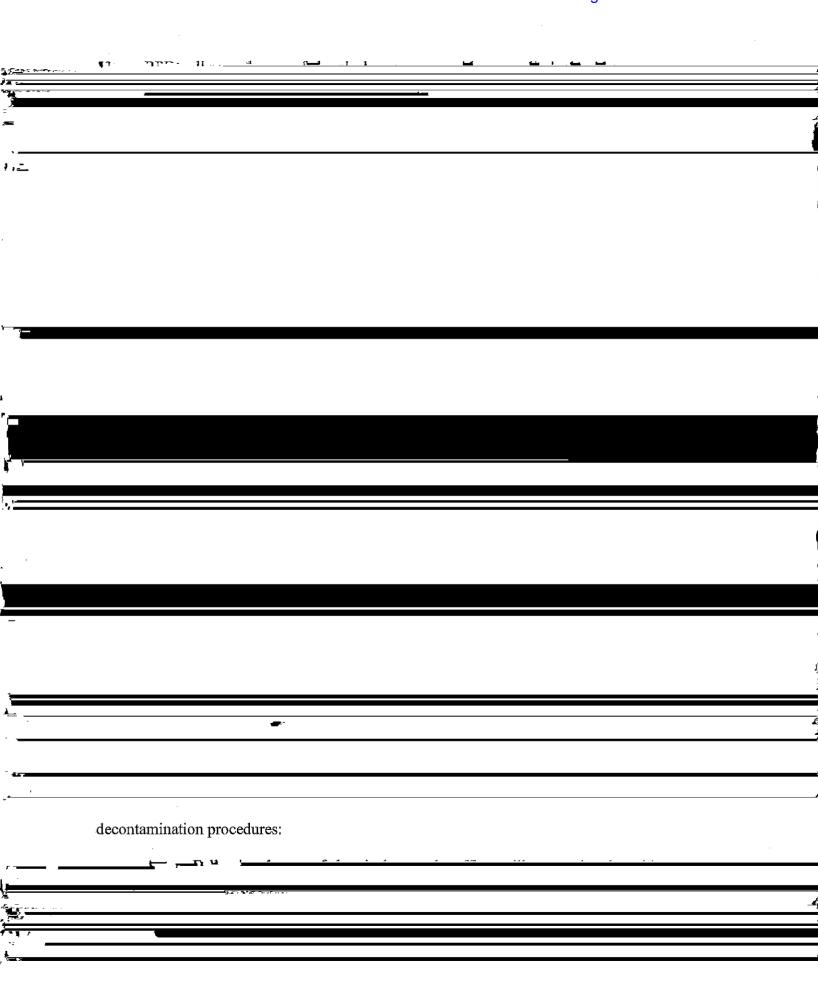
"We put SROs (school resource officers) in there to manage the school and serious crimes. They are there if someone commits a felony or major crime," said interim Birmingham school Superintendent Barbara Allen. "But sometimes we





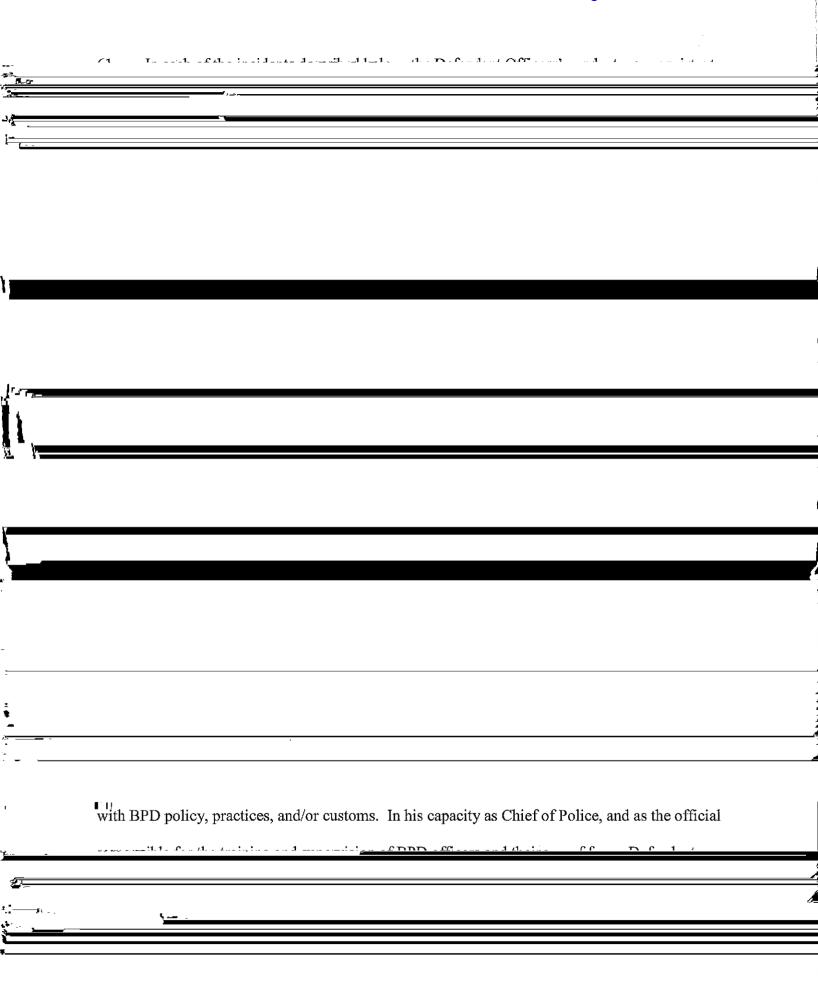
- 48. African American children comprise approximately 96% of the Birmingham City School System.
- 49. Applicable safety standards for use of chemical agents, such as mace or pepper spray, warn that directing the chemical directly into the eyes and face increases the risk of injury to the eyes and that the stream from chemical agents should be directed towards the clothing on the chest.

	50.	The standard of ca	are for inc	lividuals a	ffected by pepp	per spray is to immedi	ately ensure	
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)	3. The chemical spray is not to be used by officers unless they have a
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		intended target committed the crime.
	Е.	Any time chemical spray is used for controlling an offender[,] the application of the chemical spray will end when the subject discontinues resistance or aggression.
	F.	The chemical spray is best employed in one to two second bursts. The
		

- 56. The BPD's Use of Force policy defines control as "[t]he force an officer uses to influence or neutralize the unlawful, physical actions of a subject under arrest."
- 57. The expansive language contained in paragraph "C" of BPD's policy on Chemical Spray Subject Restraint: Non-Deadly Use of Force permits and encourages BPD officers, including SROs, to recklessly deploy chemical weapons against individuals, including children, in

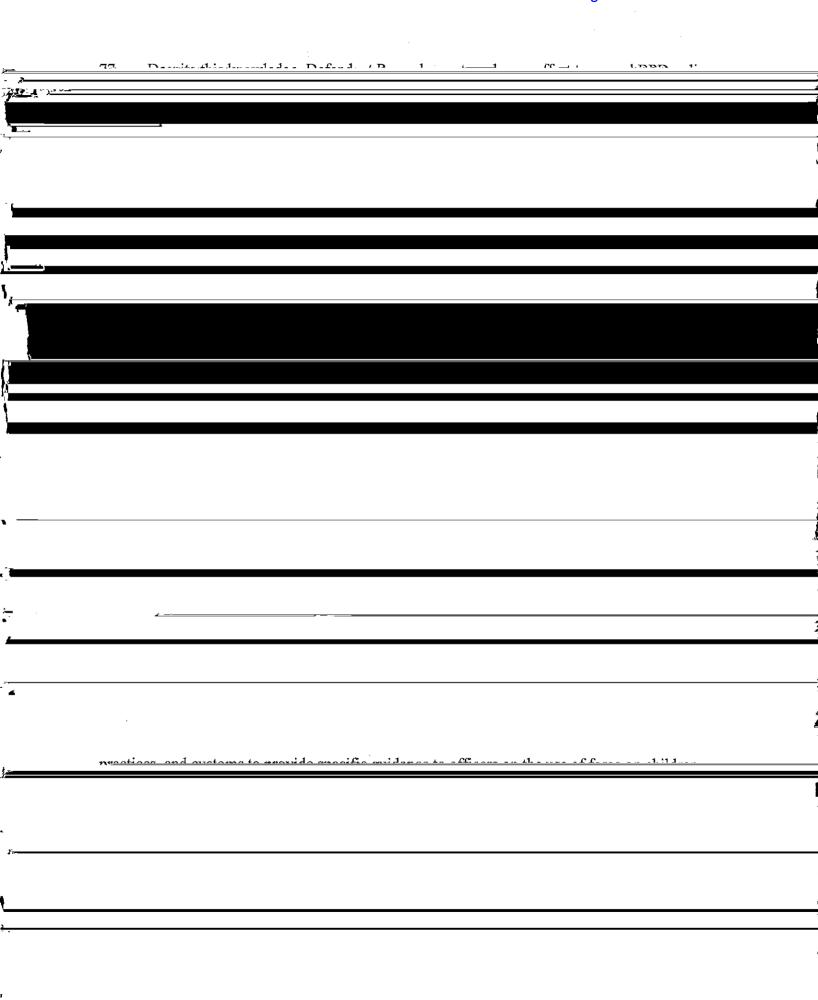


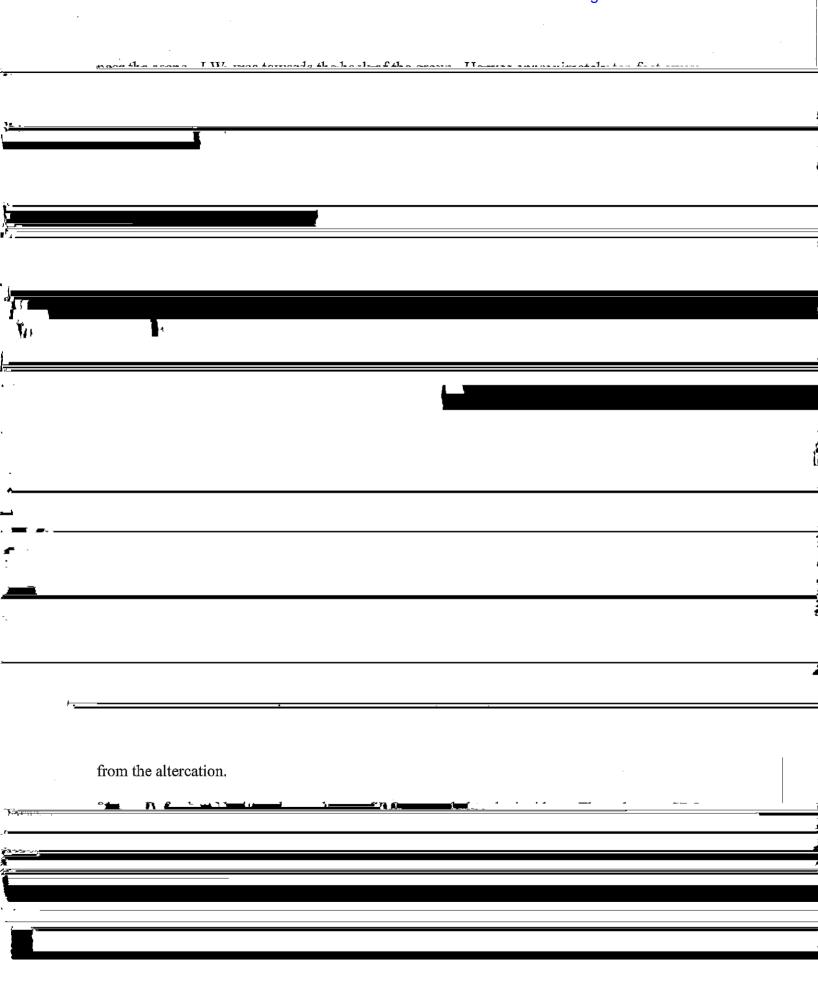
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Pla	intiffs and other BCS students and v	violated their Fourth an	d Fourteenth Amendme	nt rights
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yelling a curse word, and that a 17-year-old BCS high school student was sprayed with mace and arrested for being "loud and boisterous." Defendant Roper was quoted extensively in the article, and there is no question that he read it. Despite his awareness that SROs routinely use Freeze +P against schoolchildren who pose no threat to officers, to BCS staff, to other children, or to themselves, Defendant Roper has failed to take action to prohibit – or even limit – the use of Freeze +P on schoolchildren.

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	with a copy of an Order by the Honorable Scott Vowell, Presiding Judge of the Jefferson County
	Circuit Court. That Order provided, in pertinent part:
	1. A copy of this Order shall be served by the Clerk of the Family Court [by]
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ΉDe	madalamanta and in adject ancience and mande the secondary and the
Neit	her policy addresses any of the following issues:
	a. The appropriate distance to stand from a subject when administering the spray;
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G.S. for the first time. When P.S. was about five feet away from G.S. an unknown SRO	<u>,</u>	94 G.S.'s sister Plaintiff P.S. had been approaching G.S. when Defendant Clark sprayed
G.S. for the first time. When P.S. was about five feet away from G.S. an unknown SRO	3	;
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		G.S. for the first time. When P.S. was about five feet away from G.S., an unknown SRO
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physical state and	threatened to	arrest her	if she	continued to	ask abou	t her daug	thter's wel	1-
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100. Eventually, a Huffman faculty member escorted Ms. Stearnes into the school's office, where she sat for 45 minutes before finally being allowed to see G.S. While she was forced to

wait. Ms. Stearnes heard G.S. screaming "I can't breathe!" from the next room

- 101. Neither school personnel nor Defendant Clark advised or allowed G.S. or P.S. to rinse their eyes, wash their faces, or change out of their contaminated clothing.
- 102. Nearly an hour after the incident on the school lawn, Defendant Clark took G.S. to Cooper Green Hospital, but it was too late to provide any effective treatment or pain relief.

 Hospital personnel informed G.S. that they could not provide her with any medical treatment and

Plaintiff T.L.P.

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	106 Defendant Nevitt is an approximately six-foot-tall male, weighs approximately 200	
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	106 Defendant Nevitt is an annroximately six-foot-tall male, weighs approximately 200	

Detention Center (YDC) to wait for her mother. Because no one provided her with a charclothes, T.L.P. continued to wear the contaminated clothing while she waited at YDC. The state of the	
Detention Center (YDC) to wait for her mother. Because no one provided her with a charclothes, T.L.P. continued to wear the contaminated clothing while she waited at YDC.	
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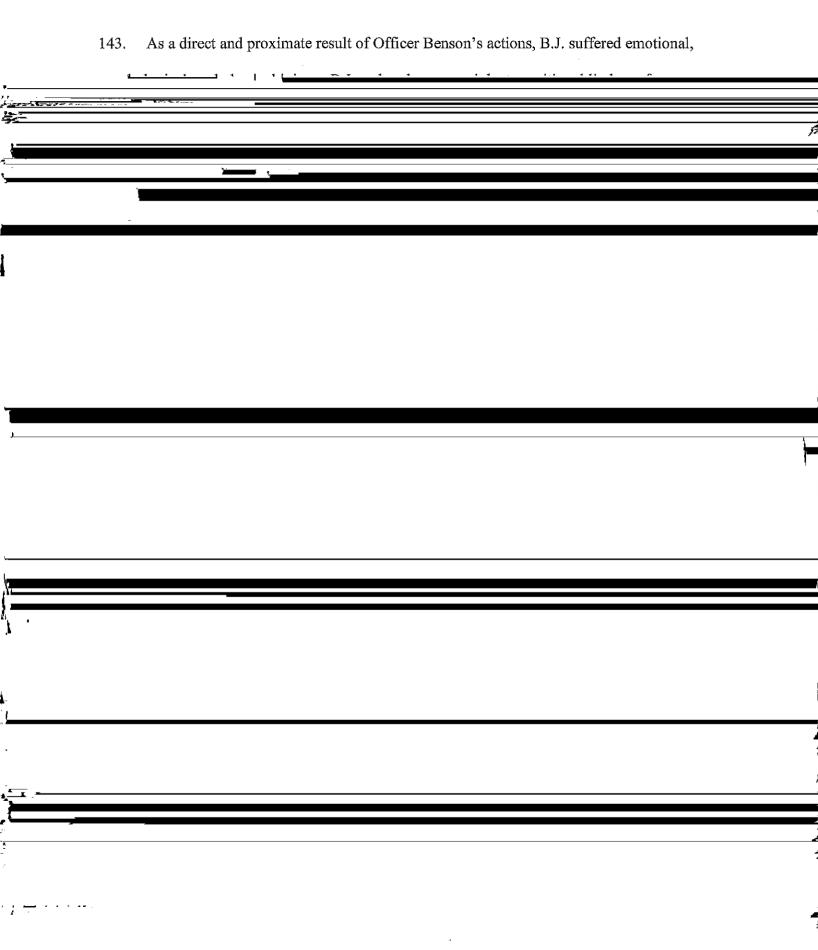
Pursuant to BCS policy, Defendant BOE "does not allow the use of corporal punishment as an anfarm this ratios and answer that RCS necessary refrain from anaroning in compared munichment

	backpack accidentally bumped Tarrant in the chest. T.A.P. then saw Tarrant reach for his belt.
	Because she did not know what he was reaching for, T.A.P. panicked and ran.
	100. To make the transfer of t
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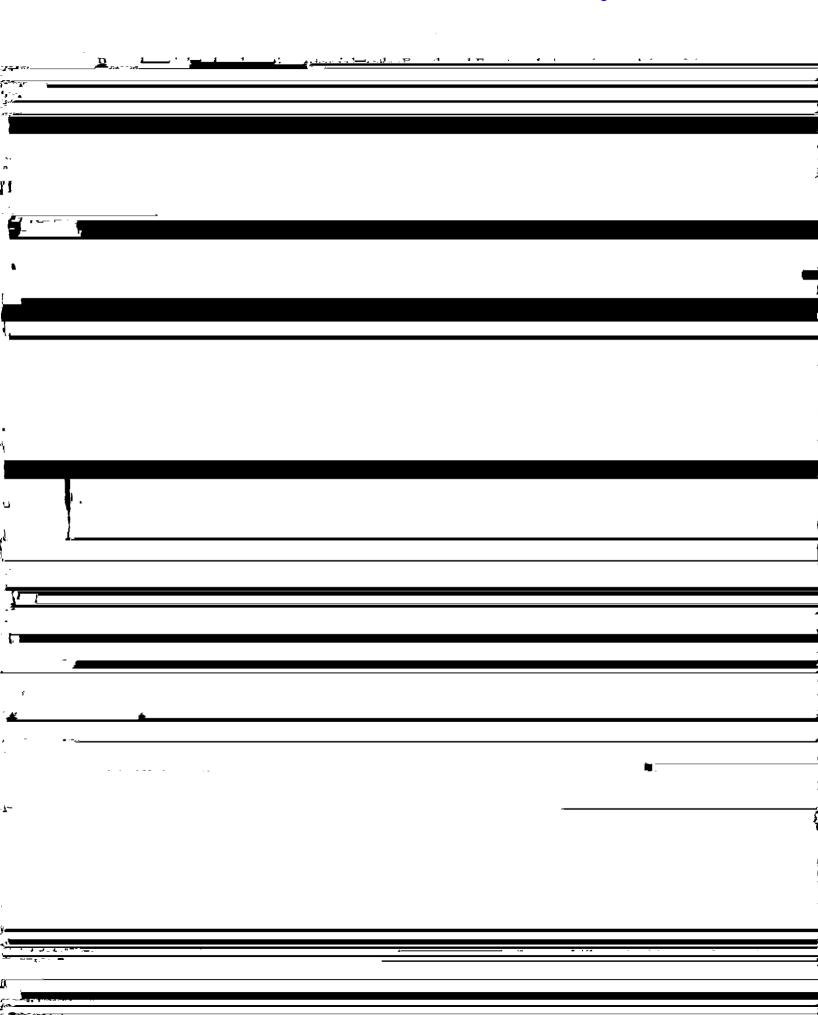
· ·	wear the contaminated clothing until she was released to her mother, Barbara Pettaway, at 5:00
	p.m. that evening.
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! : :	reckless and dangerous use of Freeze +P against T.A.P. A BOE representative told Ms.
	Pettaway that they could not take any action against the school or Tarrant because Ms. Pettaway

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before Officer Benson escorted him to the hospita. I. Officer Benson did not permit B.J. to wash						y seek med		ion for B	J., nor die	she conta	ıct
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	COUNT I	
7)	Declaratory and Injunctive Relief to Protect Plaintiffs2 Fourth and Fourteenth	
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	Amendment Rights to be Free from Excessive Force	
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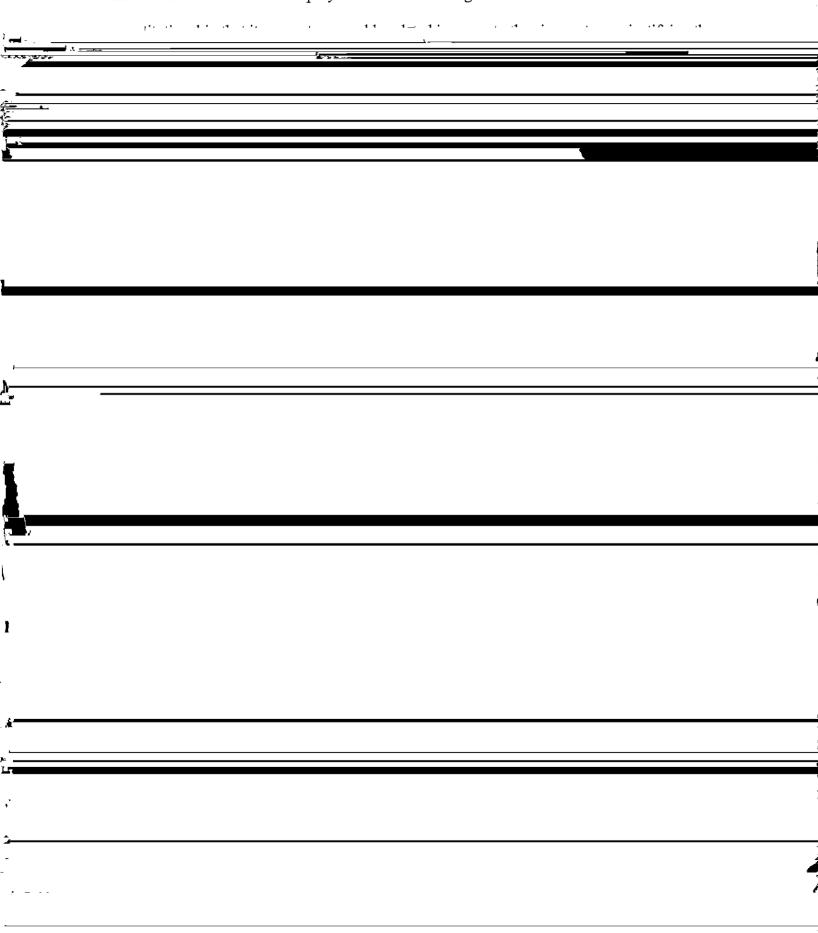
	file complaints against students for truancy: while RPD officers not only file
	complaints, but also physically transport truant students back to school.
54.	As a result of that custodial environment, Defendants BOE and Witherspoon have a
onsti	utional duty under the Fourteenth Amendment to protect BCS high school students from
eing:	injured by third parties while the students are on school property for the purpose of
btain	ing an education. Defendants BOE and Witherspoon have breached this constitutional
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	158. Defendants Roper, BOE, and Witherspoon willfully and maliciously conspired among
	themselves to deprive the Class Representatives and the other members of the class of their
	rights under the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution. As provided
	fights dides the Pourti and Pourteenth Amendments to the O.S. Constitution. As browned
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	deemed justified at i	deemed justified at its inception, which it was not, the use of a chemical weapon against Plaintiff					
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Plaintiff G.S. A	Accordingly, Defendant Clark's	s actions constitute an e	excessively intrusive seiz	ure
in violation of the	the Fourth and Fourteenth Ame	endments of the United	States Constitution.	
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Plaintiff P.S. in the face. The deployment of Freeze +P against Plaintiff P.S. was also



	171. By the forgoing actions and inactions, Defendants Roper and Nevitt are liable pursuant to
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174. By the forgoing actions and inactions. Defendants Roper and Tarrant are liable pursuant

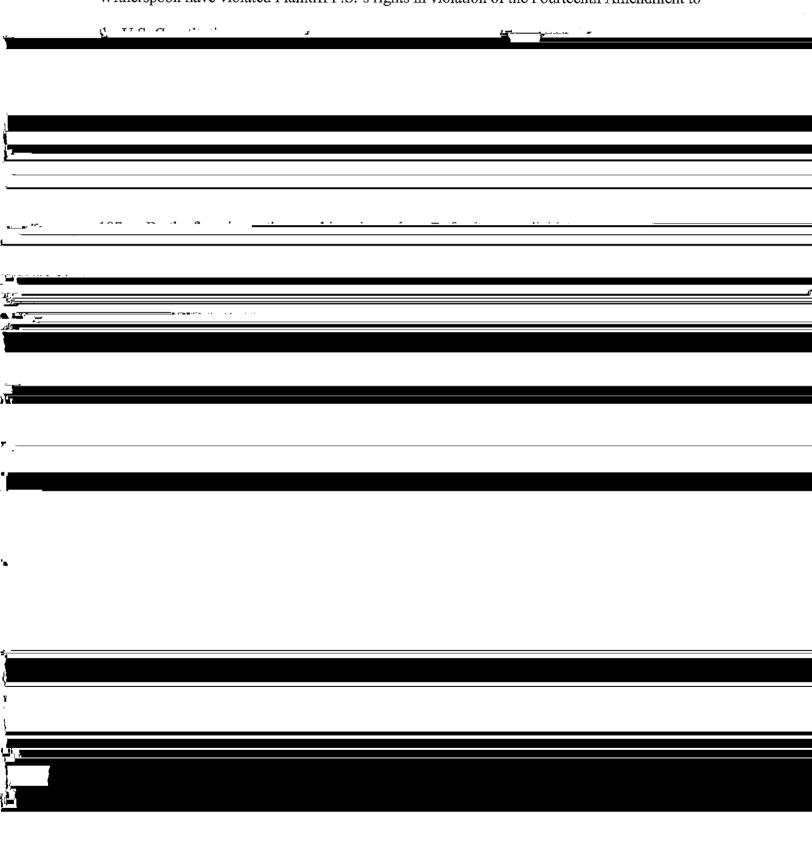
	Fourteenth Amendments. The deployment of Freeze +P against Plaintiff B.J. was both
	unjustified and unreasonable in that that B.J. was already being physically restrained by two
	adult men and posed no threat to the safety of others or the school environment. This seizure
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	was calculated to minish himiliate and intimidate R I Riven after he had been blinded and
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	in composite to dhay the chamical amound into his mass and mounth. Defendant Danson continued to
	incapacitated by the chemical sprayed into his nose and mouth, Defendant Benson continued to
	use excessive farce by forcing R. L. to the ground and holding him down with her knee as he
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clearly established rights under the Fourteenth Amendment. Defendants BOE and Witherspoon have created a custodial environmental within the BCS system for all students subject to the compulsory school attendance law. That custodial environment imposes a constitutional duty on Defendants BOE and Witherspoon to ensure J.W.'s safety and well-being while he attends BCS. Defendants BOE and Witherspoon breached that duty by authorizing and approving the use of chemical weapons against BCS students, and by failing to take action to protect Plaintiff J.W.

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	Defendants BOE and Witherspoon to ensure G.S.'s safety and well-being while she attends BCS.
	Defendants BOE and Witherspoon breached that duty by authorizing and approving the use of
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chemical weapons against BCS students, and by failing to take action to protect Plaintiff P.S. and other students against the use of chemical weapons. Accordingly, Defendants BOE and Witherspoon have violated Plaintiff P.S.'s rights in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to



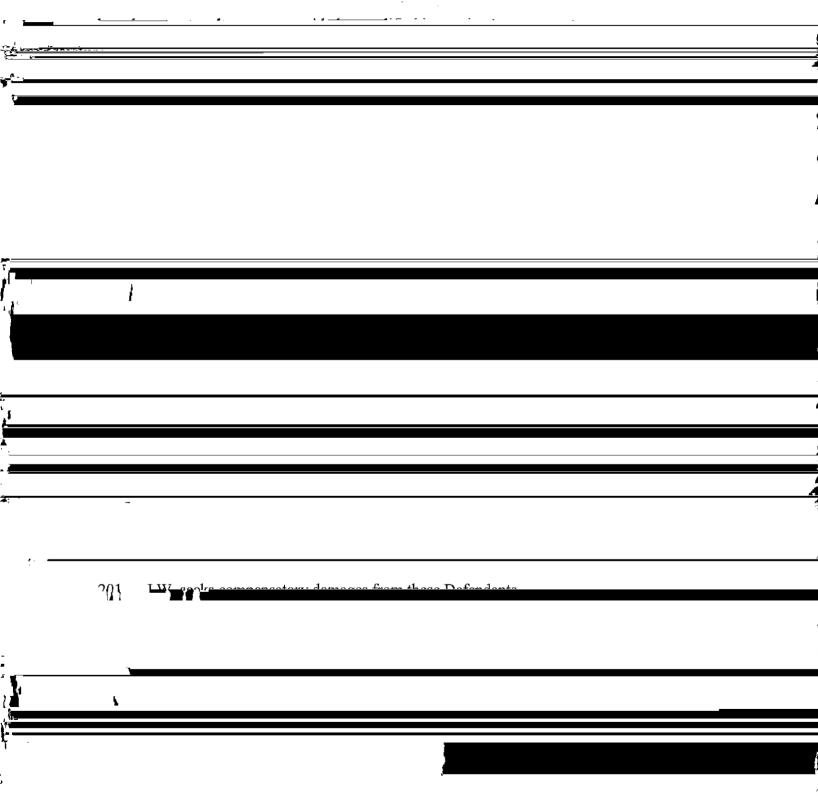
	Accordingly. Defendants BOE and Witherspoon have violated Plaintiff T.L.P.'s rights in
	violation of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.
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	193. By the forgoing actions and inactions, these Defendants are liable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §						
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B.J. from Defendant Roper's unlawful and illegal policies, practices, and customs. Because

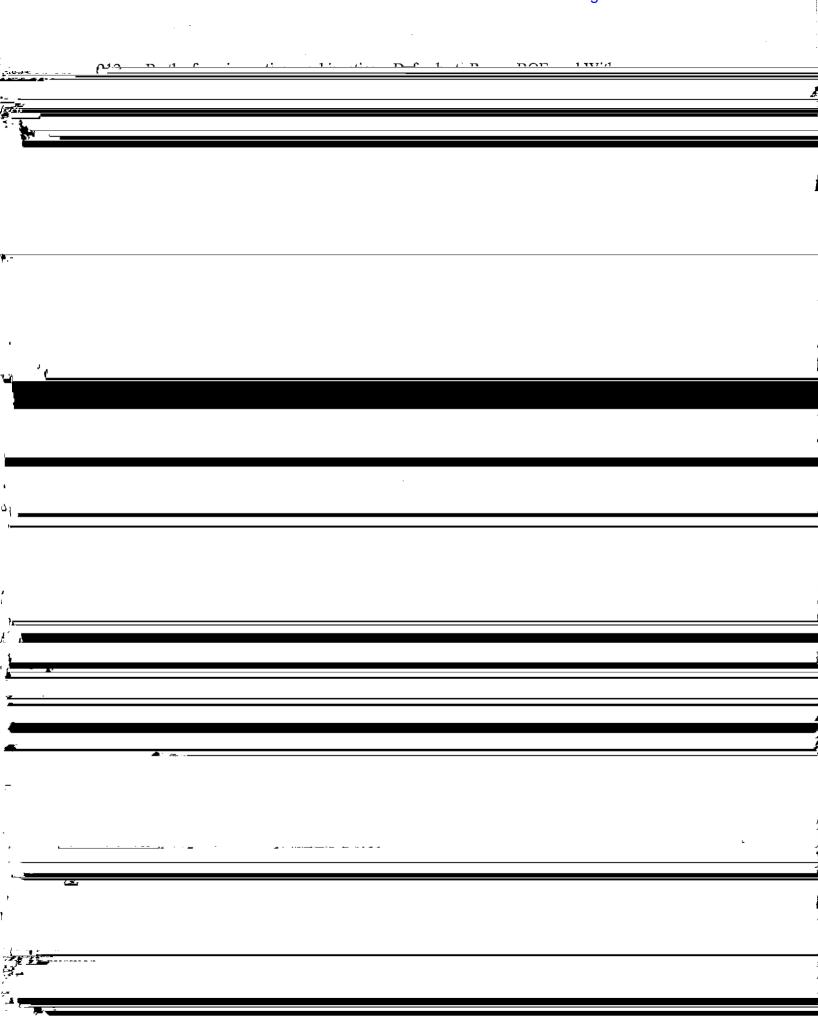
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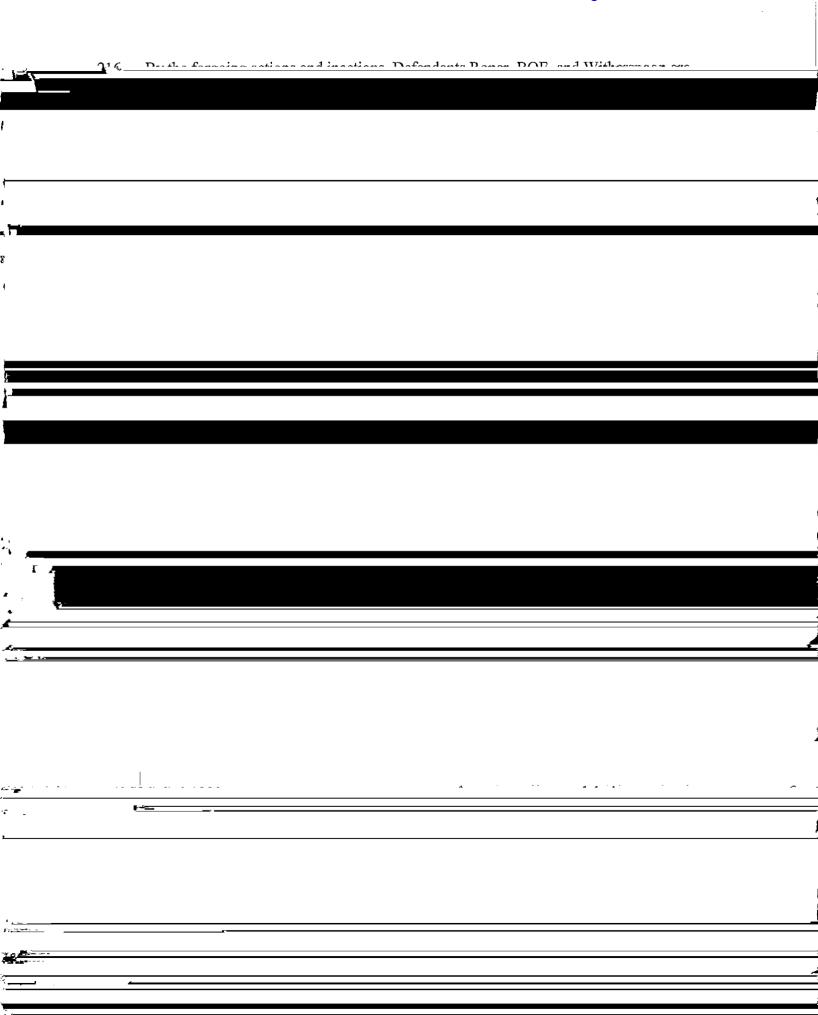
Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. Because Defendants Roper, BOE, and Witherspoon conspired to subject J.W. to unlawful seizures and excessive force, and acted in clear violation of well-established law, of which a reasonable person would



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liable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for conspiring to violate Plaintiff G.S.'s rights under the	•
Founds and Provident Association of Association of the Helical Grade Control of the Providence of the Prov	
Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. Because Defendants	
Roper, BOE, and Witherspoon conspired to subject G.S. to unlawful seizures and excessive	
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Individual Claims for Damages under Alabama Law

COUNT XXIII

Damages for Assault and Battery on Plaintiff G.S., in Violation of Alabama Law

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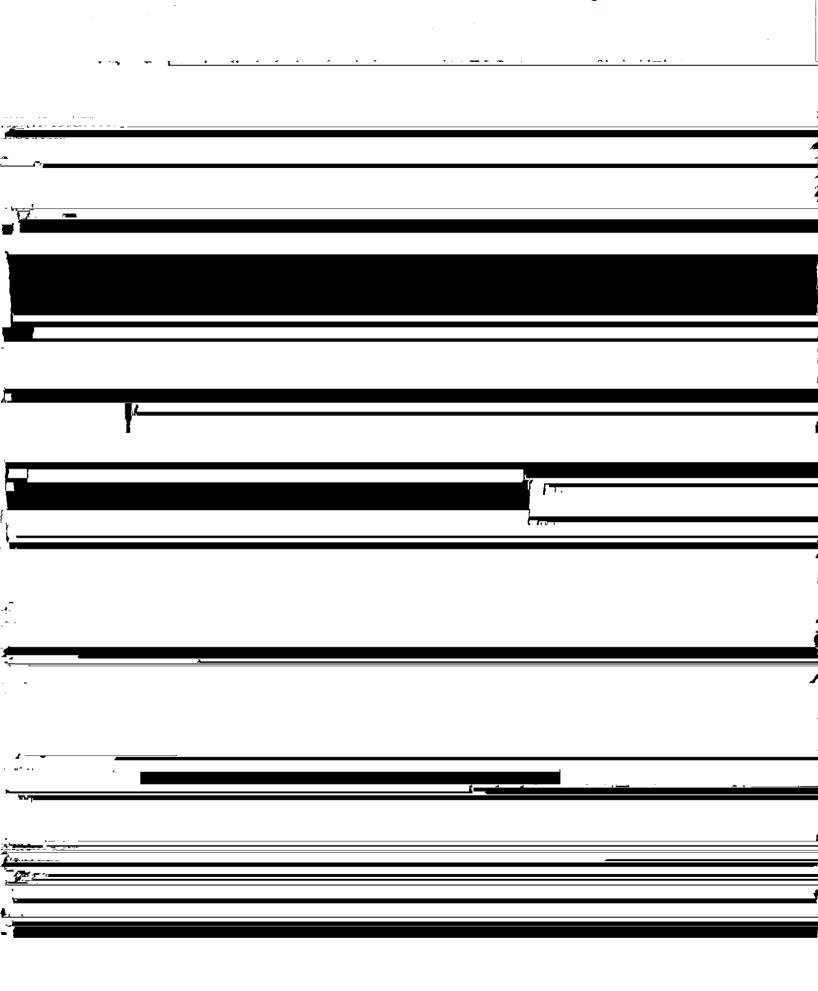
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	entitled to discretionary function immunity provided by Alabama law.
	232. Defendant Moss intentionally tripped T.A.P., causing her to fall to the ground, and
	ground his foot her in back. Defendant Moss also held T.A.P. to the ground as Defendant
	A Taylor age

236. Plaintiff B.J. seeks compensatory damages from these Defendants.

COUNT XXVII

Damages for the Tort of Outrage against Plaintiff C.S. in Violation of Alahama Law

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<i>ұ</i> . <u>– </u>	Defendant Roper, in his official and individual capacities and Defendant Clark	
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248. Defendants Roper and Benson are liable pursuant to Alabama law for sanctioning, enforcing, and implementing policies, customs, and practices that subject BCS students, including B.J., to extreme and intentional emotional distress in violation of Alabama law. Defendants Benson and Roper acted willfully, maliciously, and with a callous disregard or indifference to B.J.'s rights. Because Defendants Benson and Roper acted willfully and



8. Grant any other relief the Court shall deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted this 14th day of February, 2011.

/s/ Ebony Glenn Howard Ebony Glenn Howard (ASB-7247-O76H) Mary C. Bauer (ASB-1181-R76B) SOUTHERN POVERTY LAW CENTER

<u>_____</u>

Montgomery, Alabama 36104 334-956-8200 334-956-8481 (fax) Counsel for Plaintiffs

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE