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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
95 SEP 19 FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA

hitching post deprives inmates of liberty without due process of law. 7. Court practices deprive

JURISDICTION

2. This action arises under the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to

the United States Constitution, and Title 42 U.S.C. jurisdiction is invoked

pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over plaintiffs' request for declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-2202.

FACTS

Plaintiff Richard H. Haves was an inmate at the Birmingham Correctional Facility in Capstone, Alabama, and was assigned to the following assignments:

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6. P

Facility in Cap-

shaw, Alabama, and was assigned to [REDACTED]

## CLASS ACTION

10. The plaintiffs bring this suit on their own behalf and on behalf of all others similarly situated.

11. The individual plaintiffs swear under oath that they have filed this action as a class representative in accordance with Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The prerequisites of Rule 23(a) are met.

morning on buses specially designed for the chain gang program. Unlike other Department of Corrections buses, the emergency exits at the rear of these chain gang buses are sealed shut.

#### TO: 118. Plaintiff in the chain gang case

Plaintiffs' contention that the use of chain gangs together poses a substantial risk of serious harm or death to plaintiffs as they labor on the roadside close proximity to traffic moving at speeds of over fifty-five miles per hour.

a. The mere presence of chain gangs on the roadside increases the likelihood of accidents, because the chain gang serves as a large new class of pedestrians on Alabama roads for each day.

b. The defendants intend for the sight of prison chain gangs to attract the attention of car and truck drivers. Defendants' actions have had their intended effect, as drivers' attention is diverted away from the road to the chain gang.

vehicle occurs, because "gang" can be dragged into the accident by the chains that bind

21. In just the first two weeks after the chain gangs were reinstated, several near accidents took place as drivers slowed down to

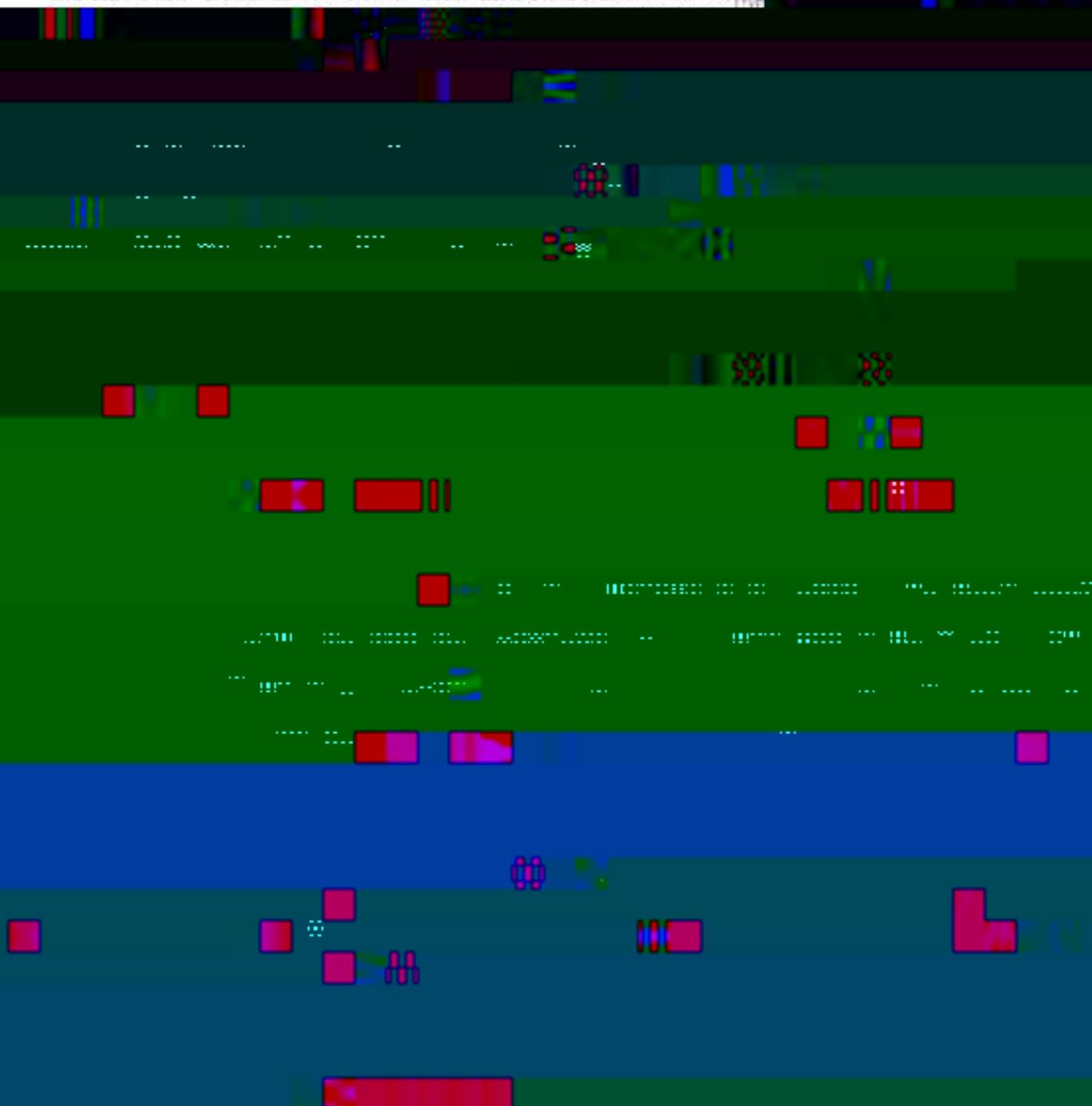
physical confrontation

that working on the chain gang creates a substantial risk of physical confrontation.

29. As part of a systematic effort to degrade and humiliate chain gang inmates, guards assigned to the chain gang frequently use the necessary force against inmates and hurl racial epithets at them.

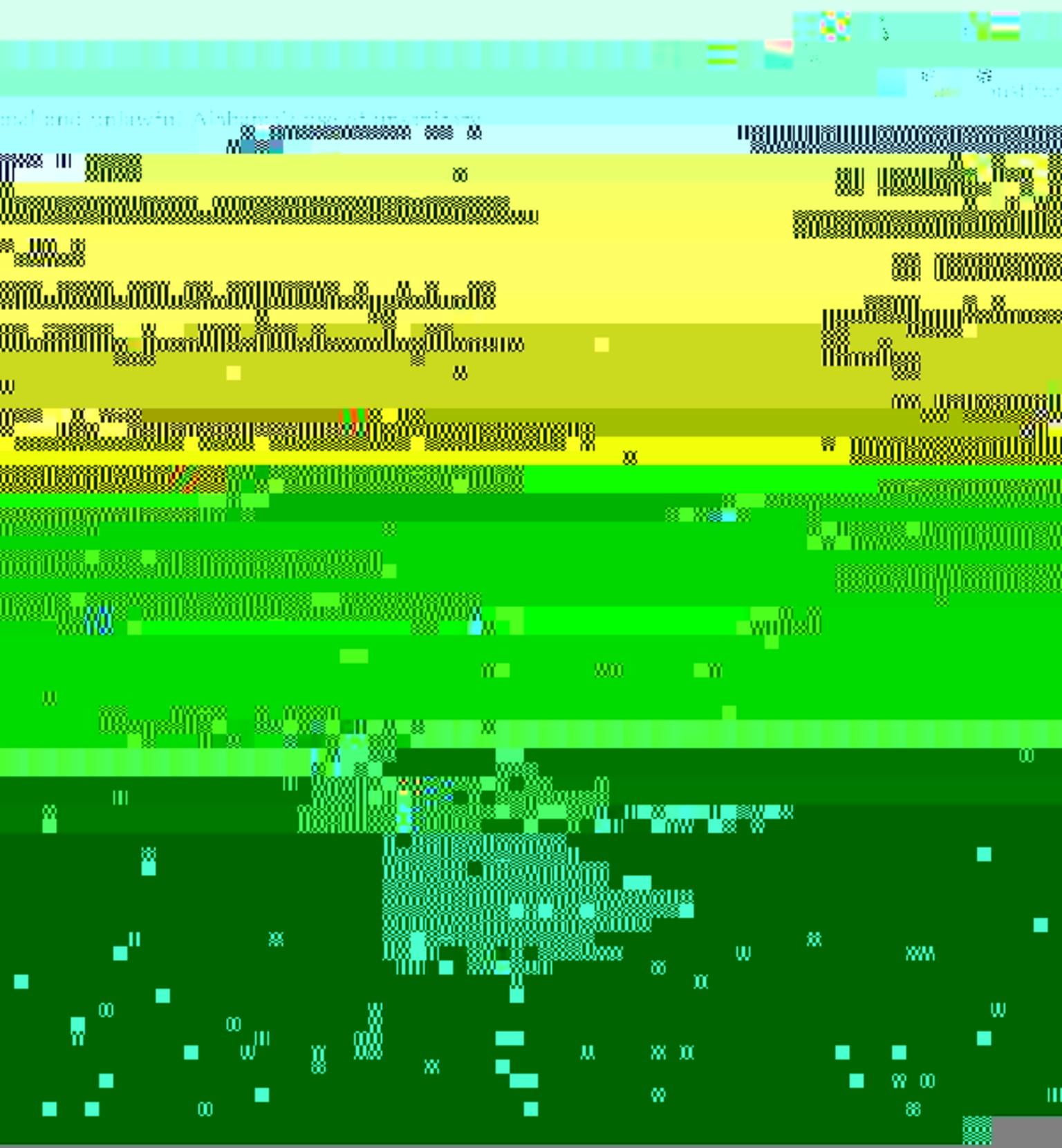
30. Chaining men together like animals is a barbarous punishment, specifically designed to inflict mental pain upon prisoners. It deprives class members

the hot sun. Inmates have had their limbs stretched taut and



39. Defendants know but are deliberately indifferent to the fact that their practices create substantial or serious risks to the inmates and deprive them of their basic human rights.

to the United States Constitution.



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CERT

U.S. Postage 1 Amended Complaint, by first-class mail, postage prepaid;

on the 19<sup>th</sup> of September,

Birmingham, AL 35201

William P. Gray, Jr.  
State Capitol  
Montgomery, AL 36130

Andrew W. Redd  
General Counsel